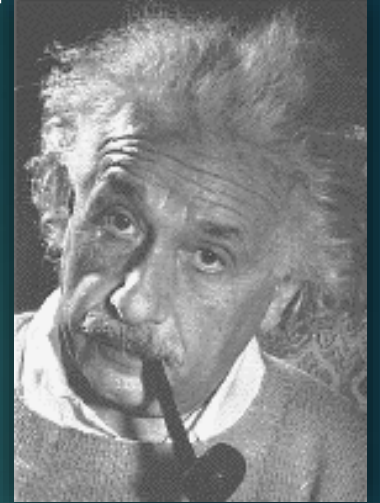
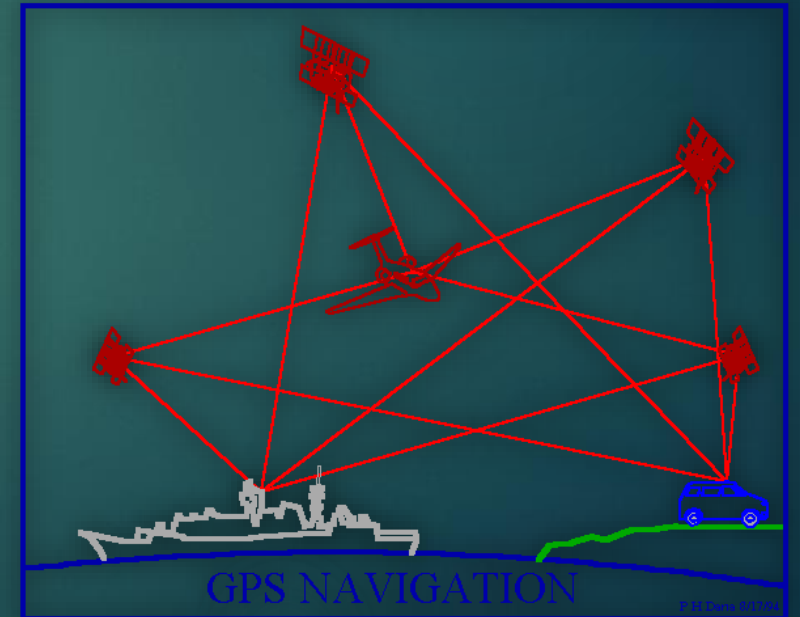


2017 Solid Waste and Recycling Workshop

Unleash the Power of your Phone & Google Earth Pro for Mapping



Commonwealth Of Kentucky
Energy and Environment Cabinet
Department for Environmental Protection
Division of Waste Management
Recycling and Local Assistance
waste.ky.gov



HEY!

*Did you know that my
camera has a phone?*



Geotagging

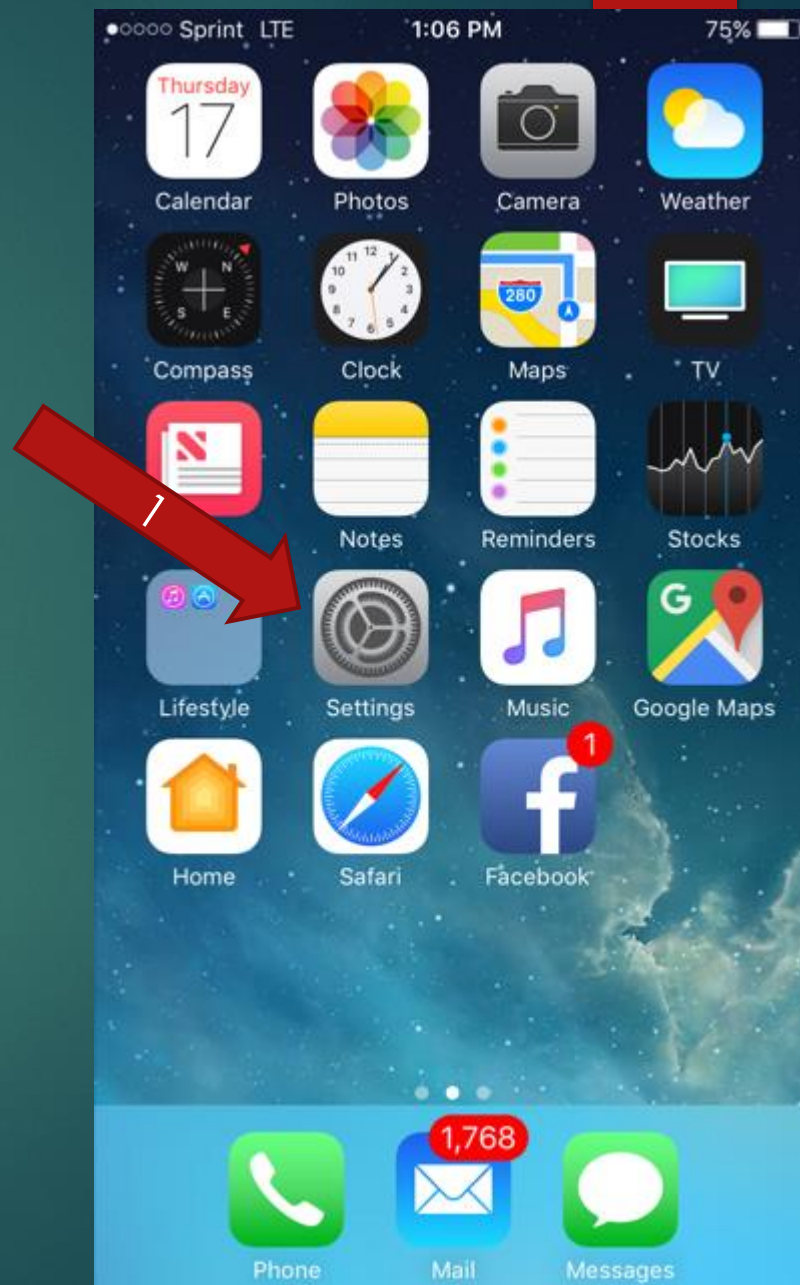
- ▶ Geotagging is the act of including geographical information about where a photo was taken in with the digital photo file. Geotagging is extremely helpful to anyone who takes a large number of pictures and needs a way to record exactly where each photo was taken.

EXIF data

- ▶ EXIF is short for Exchangeable Image File, a format that is a standard for storing interchange information in digital photography image files using JPEG compression.
- ▶ Almost all new digital cameras use the EXIF annotation, storing information on the image such as shutter speed, exposure compensation, F number, what metering system was used, if a flash was used, ISO number, date and time the image was taken, white balance, auxiliary lenses that were used and resolution.
- ▶ Cameras and phones with GPS capability store locational information so you can easily see where the images were taken!

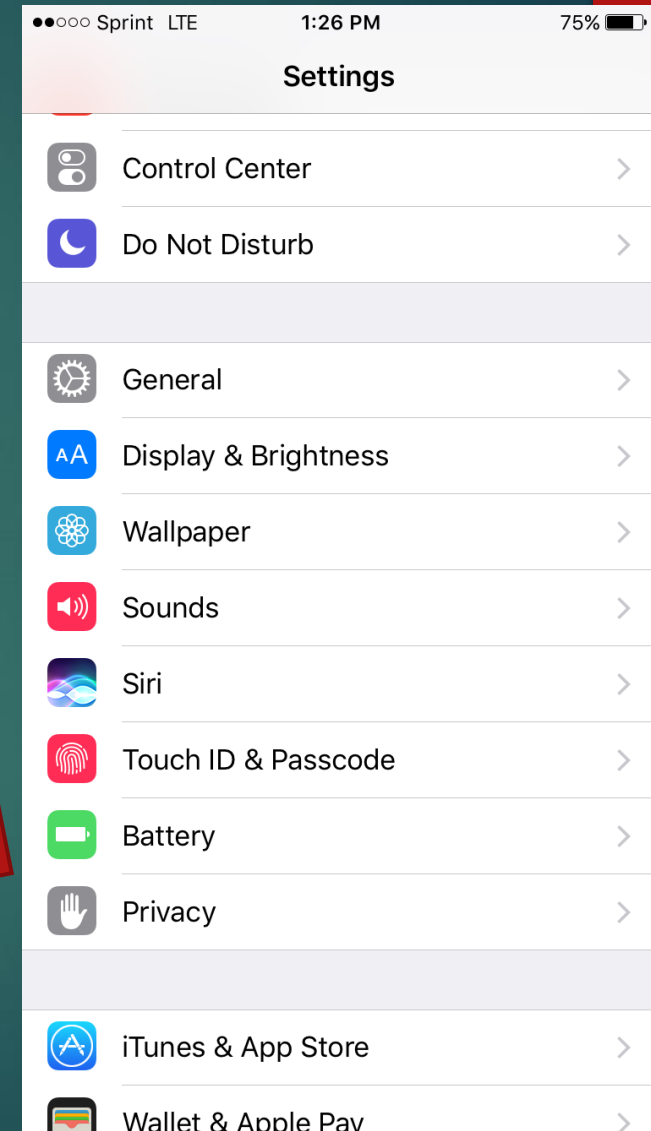
Enable Photo Geotagging on an iPhone

- ▶ To turn geotagging on for the Camera app, start by tapping the "Settings" icon on the iPhone's home screen to launch the Settings app.



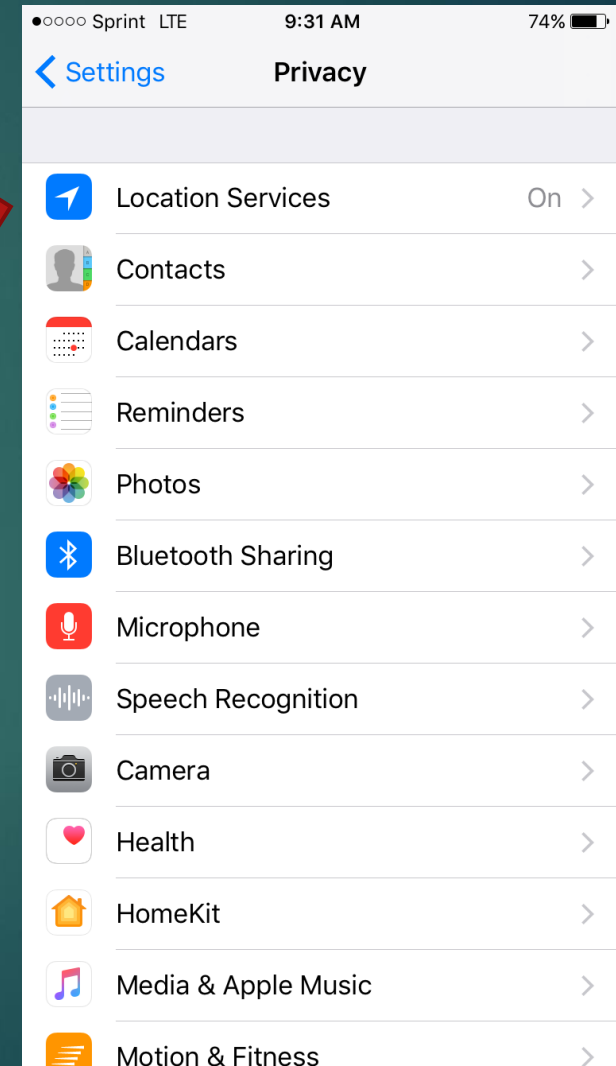
Enable Photo Geotagging on an iPhone

- ▶ Tap "Privacy" and then tap "Location Services" to open the Location Services screen.



Enable Photo Geotagging on an iPhone

- ▶ Tap "Location Services" to open the Location Services screen.



Enable Photo Geotagging on an iPhone

- ▶ Toggle the virtual "Location Services" switch to the On position and then scroll down and toggle the "Camera" switch to the On position as well. You'll know the switches are turned on when they turn green.

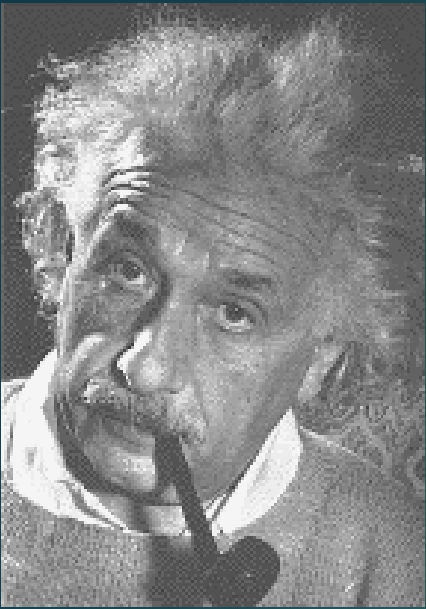


Geotagging with Android Smartphones

1. Go to your Android device's home screen, then press the "Menu" button. Tap "Settings" to access the settings menu.
2. Drag your finger up the screen to scroll down the phone's menu until you find the "Location" option. Tap the "Location" option to continue. Note that on some Android devices this may be labeled "Location and Security."
3. Tap the option labeled "Use GPS Satellites" to place a green check mark next to it. This option must be turned on for the geotagging option to work.
4. Press the "Home" button to go back to the main screen, then tap the camera icon to launch your Android smartphone's camera.

Geotagging with Android Smartphones

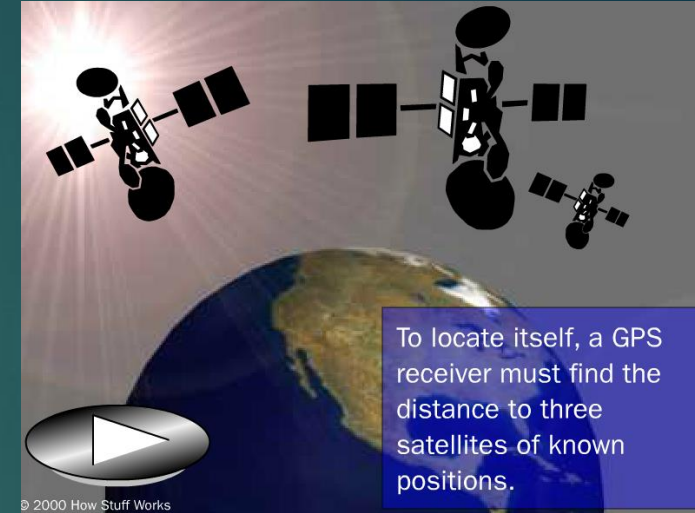
5. Tap the "Menu" button once the camera application loads, then tap the "Settings" option. On some Android cameras, this option will simply be a small cog icon.
6. Scroll down to "Store Location in Pictures," or "Geo-tag Photos," depending on your OS version, and tap that option to put a green check mark next to it.
7. Tap "OK" when you see a message telling you that the GPS function needs to be turned on. Your photos will now be geotagged with your location as long as your phone can get your position from the GPS satellites.
8. Some older models of Android smartphones on smaller carriers may have the geotagging feature made unavailable from the camera's settings. If your camera doesn't have a geotagging option, the only way to geotag photos is to download from the Android Market a camera app that supports geotagging.



Where am I and how am I moving?

The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a network of about 30 satellites orbiting the Earth at an altitude of 20,000 km. The system was originally developed by the US government for military navigation but now anyone with a GPS device, be it a Sat Nav, mobile phone or handheld GPS unit, can receive the radio signals that the satellites broadcast.

Wherever you are on the planet, at least four GPS satellites are 'visible' at any time. Each one transmits information about its position and the current time at regular intervals. These signals, travelling at the speed of light, are intercepted by your GPS receiver, which calculates how far away each satellite is based on how long it took for the messages to arrive. Once it has information on how far away at least three satellites are, your GPS receiver can pinpoint your location using a process called trilateration.



Coordinate Systems

Global Systems

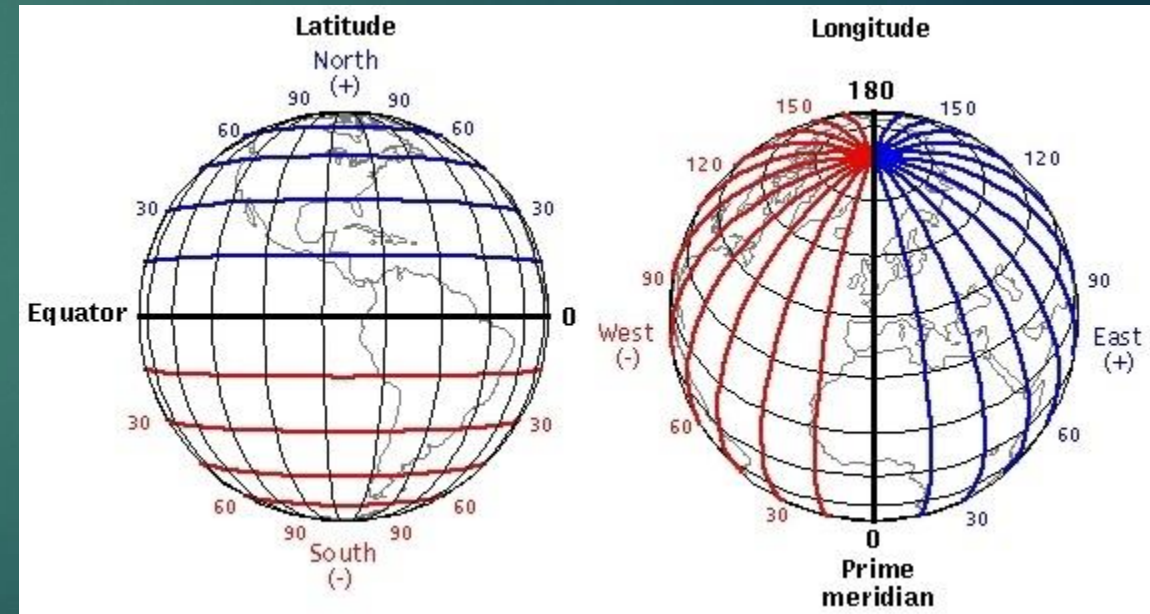
Latitude, Longitude, Height

The most commonly used coordinate system today is the latitude, longitude, and height system.

The Prime Meridian and the Equator are the reference planes used to define latitude and longitude.

WGS 84 is the default map datum for any GPS receiver. It is a system developed around the emergence of GPS technology and is **standardized** for universal use.

Geographic coordinates (Latitude, Longitude)			
Hemisphere	DMS	DMM	DDD
	ddd°mm'ss.ss"	ddd°mm.mmm'	ddd.ddddd°
Latitude: <input type="radio"/> N <input type="radio"/> S	<input type="text"/> ° <input type="text"/> ' <input type="text"/> "	<input type="text"/> ° <input type="text"/> '	<input type="text"/> °
Longitude: <input type="radio"/> W <input type="radio"/> E	<input type="text"/> ° <input type="text"/> ' <input type="text"/> "	<input type="text"/> ° <input type="text"/> '	<input type="text"/> °



36.907255 -85.055837

36.907255 N 85.055837 W

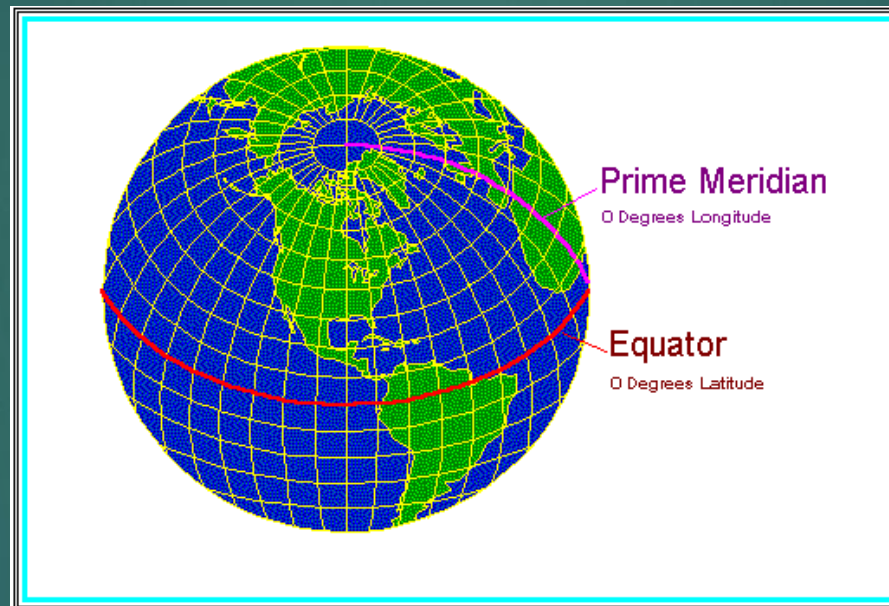


-36.907255 -85.055837

36.907255 S 85.055837 W



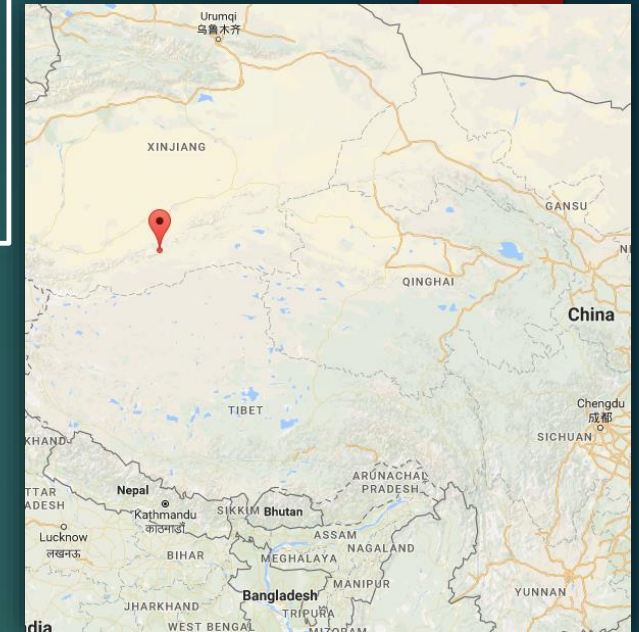
One wrong sign or symbol
& and you will find yourself
in



The Royal Observatory is the site of the Greenwich meridian line
51.476866, 0.00000

36.907255 85.055837

36.907255 N 85.055837 E

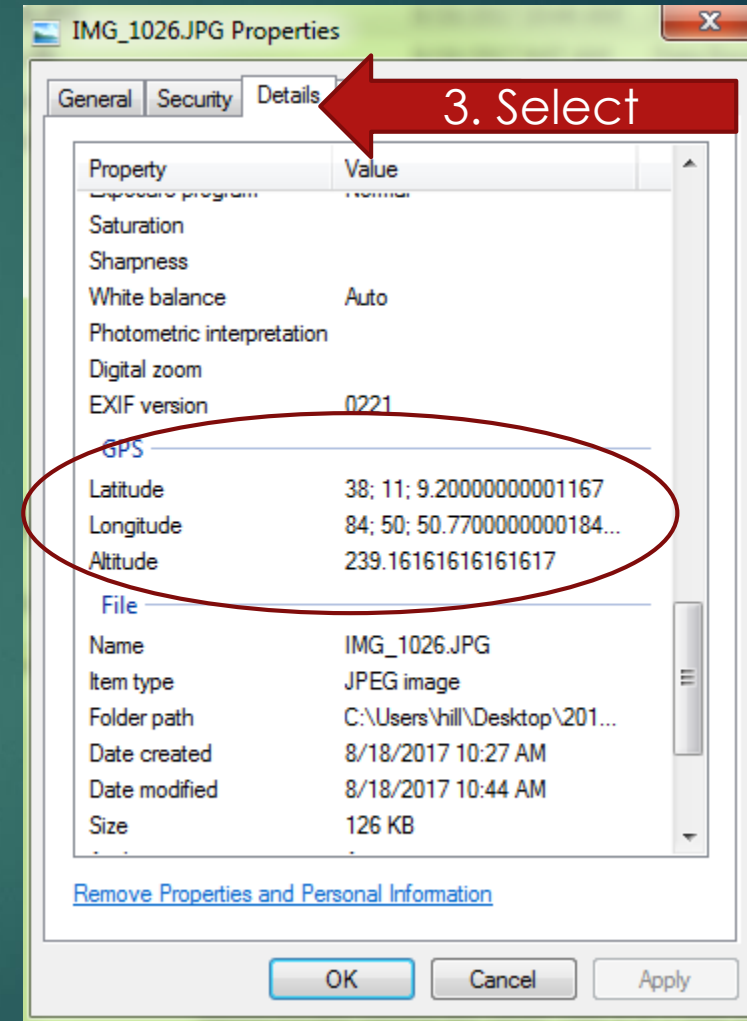
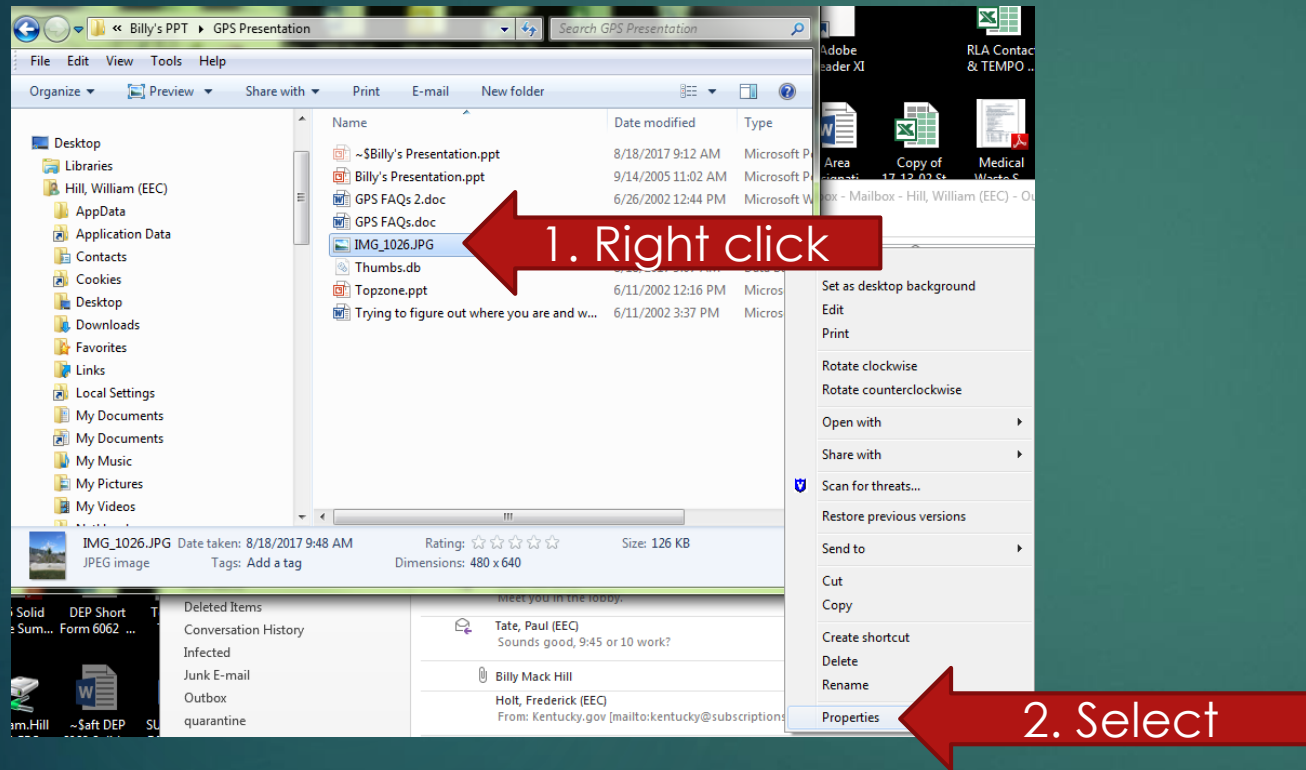


-36.907255 85.055837

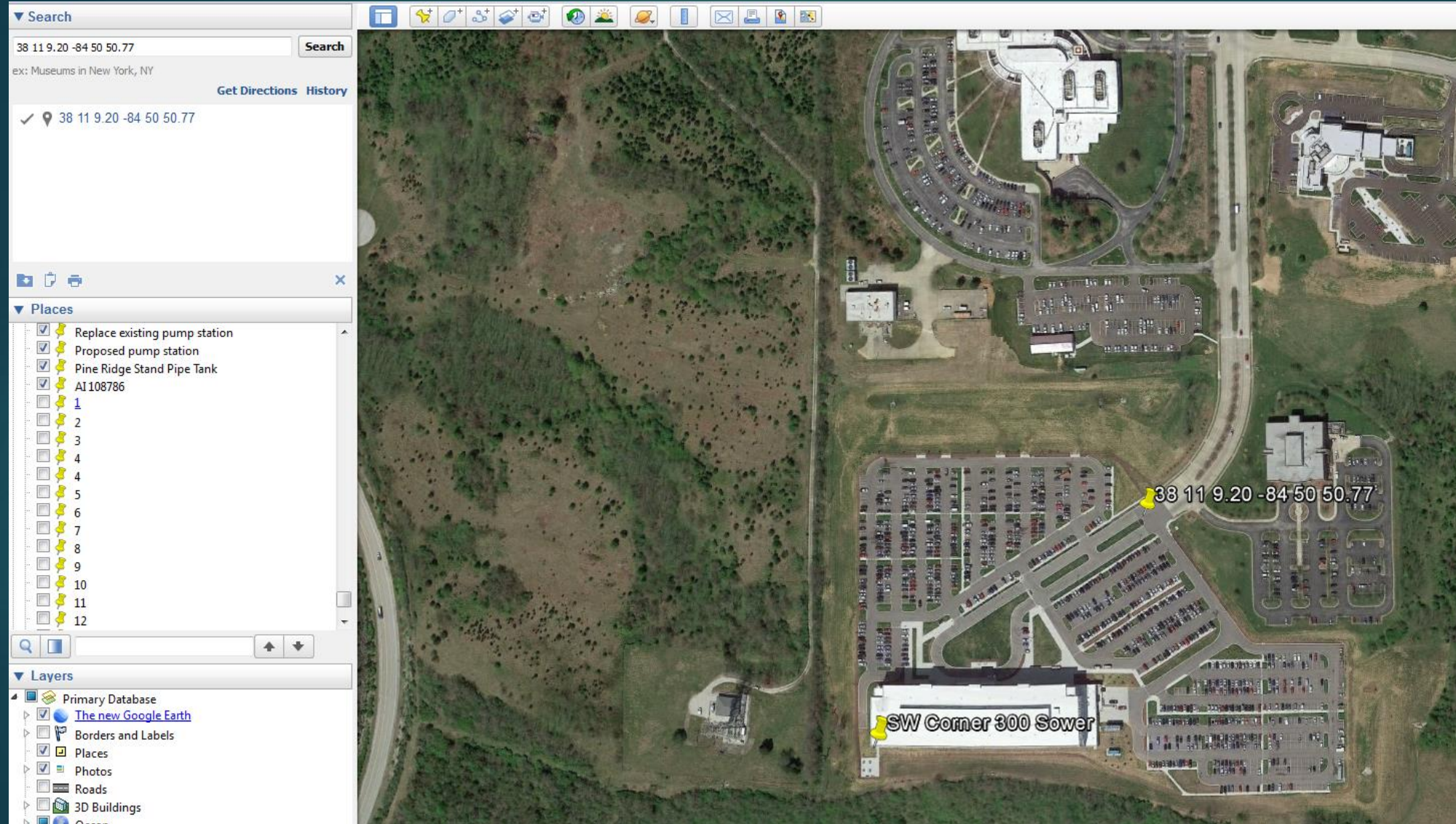
36.907255 S 85.055837 E



Retrieving data from photo file properties



Adding a Placemark in Google Earth or Google Earth Pro



Adding a Placemark in Google Earth or Google Earth Pro

1. Select Placemark

2. Move placemark to desired location

3. Name Placemark

4. Click OK

Google Earth - Edit Placemark

Name: 300 sign

Latitude: 38.185879°

Longitude: -84.847419°

Description Style, Color View Altitude

Add link... Add web image... Add local image...

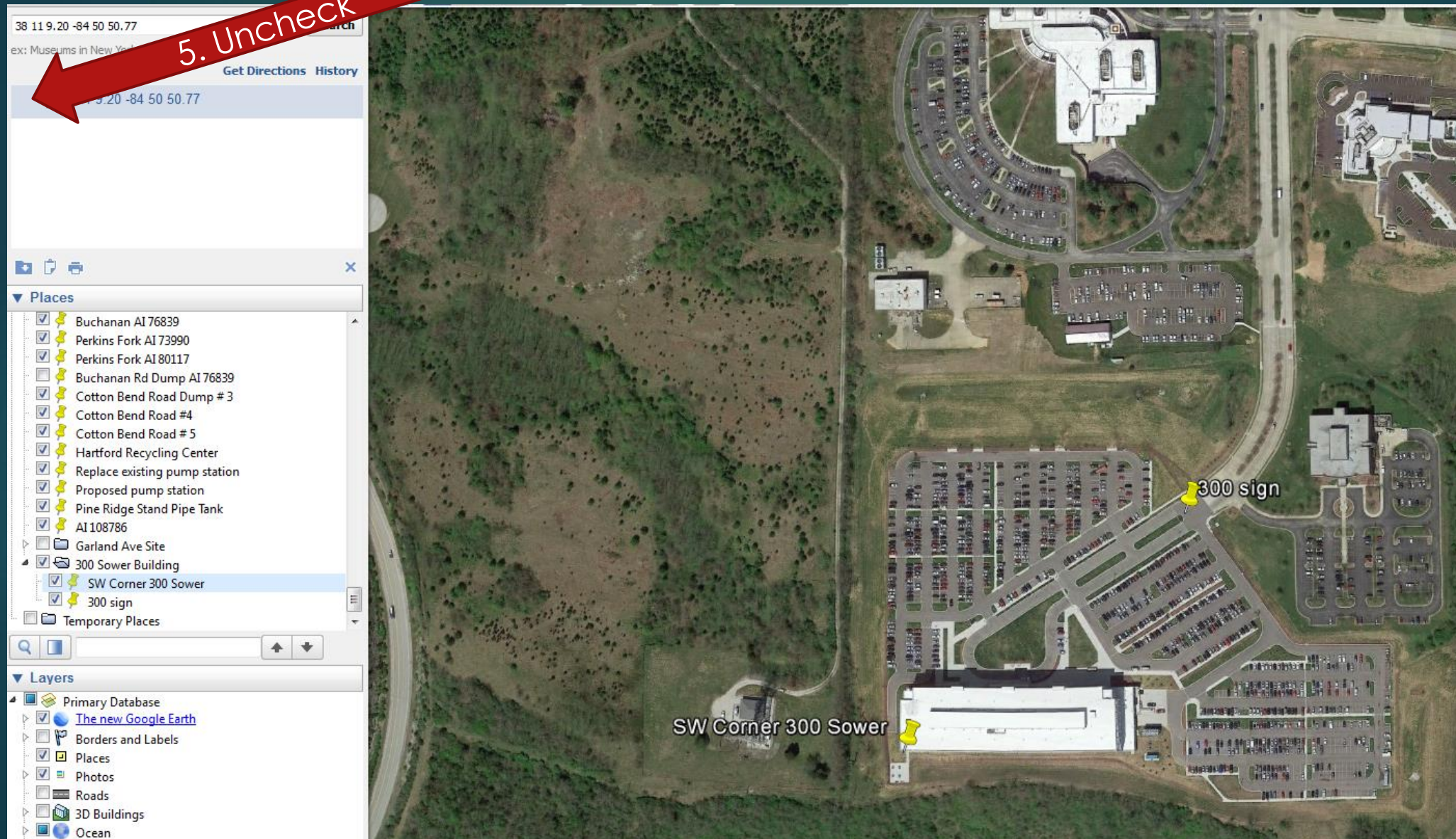
OK Cancel

SW Corner 300 Sower

38 11 9.20 -84 50 20.77

Untitled Placemark

Adding a Placemark in Google Earth or Google Earth Pro



IMGonline.com.ua

Processing of JPEG photos online.

[Main page](#) | [Resize](#) | [Convert](#) | [Compress](#) | [EXIF editor](#) | [Effects](#) | [Improve](#) | [Different tools](#)

View EXIF, IPTC, XMP and other data of JPG photo online

Select a picture on your computer or phone and then click OK. After that you will see another page with a detailed description of your image and other image information.

The original image is not changed.

Select image in JPEG format:

Browse...

OK

1. Browse to photo file location and select

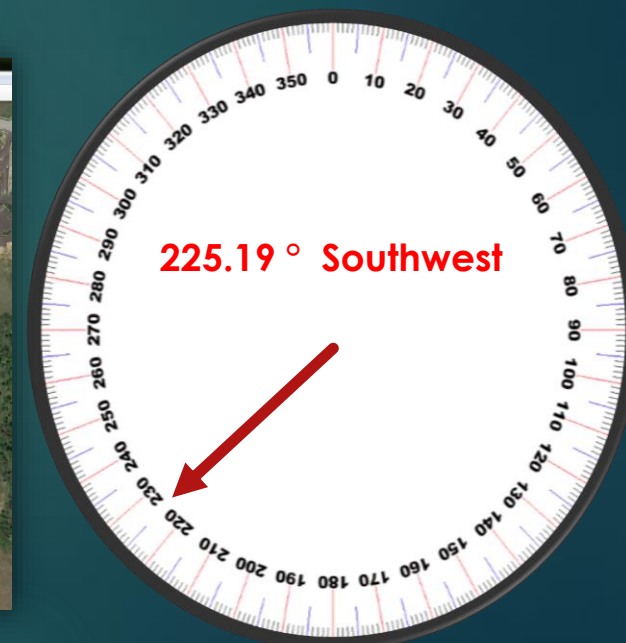
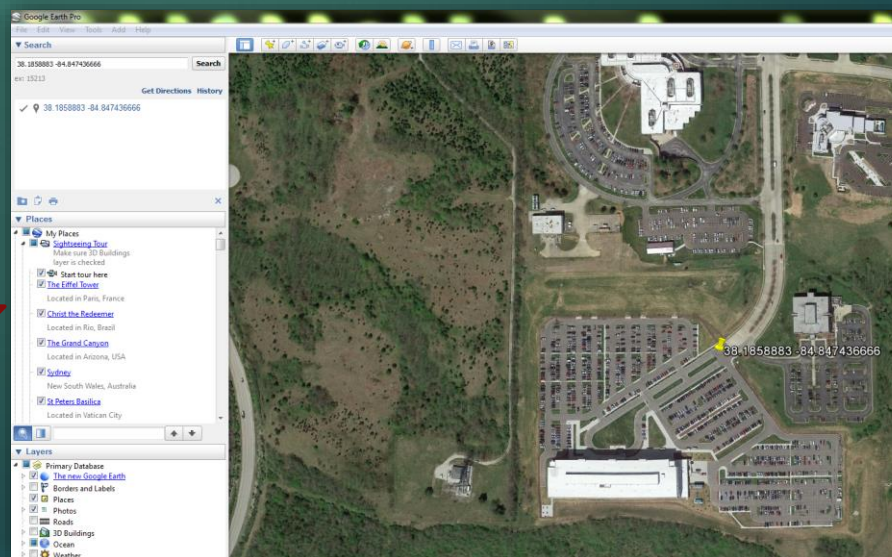
2. Click OK

imgonline.com is an online application that lets you take a deeper look at your favorite images –
NOTE –there are many free online applications that will work with similar functionality



GPS Img Direction Ref	True North
GPS Img Direction	225.1947674
GPS Dest Bearing Ref	True North
GPS Dest Bearing	225.1947674
GPS Date Stamp	2017:08:18
GPS Horizontal Positioning Error	5 m
Padding	(Binary data 2060 bytes)
Maker Notes	
Run Time Flags	Valid
Run Time Value	11501185111583
Run Time Epoch	0
Run Time Scale	1000000000
XMP	
About	uuid:faf5bdd5-ba3d-11da-ad31-d33d75182f1b
Creator Tool	Microsoft Windows Photo Viewer 6.1.7600.16385
Composite	
Aperture	2.2
GPS Altitude	239.1 m Above Sea Level
GPS Date/Time	18.08.2017, 13:48:40
GPS Latitude	38 deg 11' 9.20" N
GPS Longitude	84 deg 50' 50.77" W
GPS Position	38 deg 11' 9.20" N, 84 deg 50' 50.77" W

3. Scroll Down



Phone Apps to access EXIF data

Google Earth Pro

File Edit View Tools Add Help

Search

38.1858883 -84.847436666

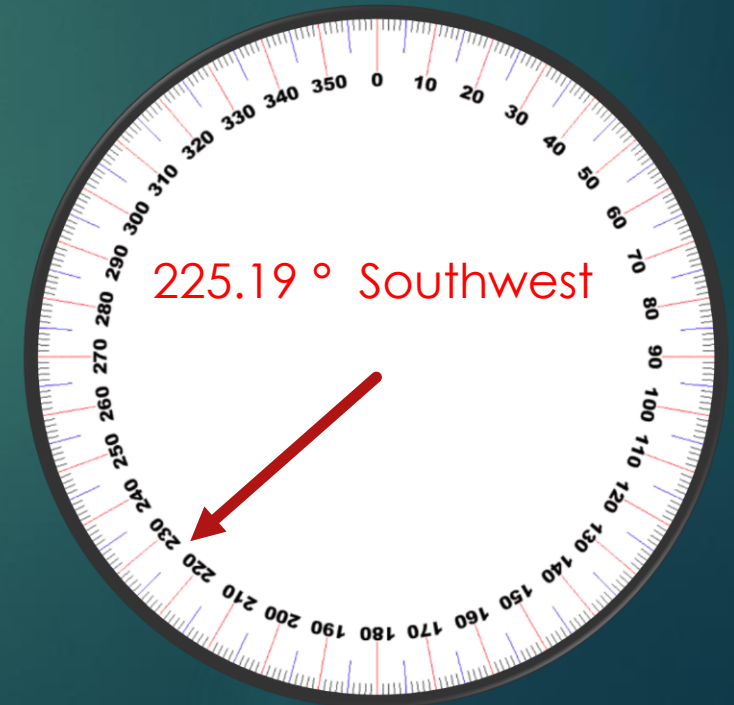
Get Directions History

Recently Added Tweet >

2017:08:18 09:48:40
Apple iPhone 6s
Focal Length:
29mm (35mm eq.)
Aperture: f/2.2
Exposure: 1/1241s
E_v: 12.6
ISO equiv: 25

DestBearing: 225.1947743467933
DestBearingRef: T
HPositioningError: 5
ImgDirection: 225.1948°= Southwest
ImgDirectionRef: True North
Latitude: 38.18588833333333
LatitudeRef: N
Longitude: 84.84743666666667
LongitudeRef: W
Speed: 0
SpeedRef: km/h
TimeStamp: 13:48:40
PixelWidth: 3024
PixelHeight: 4032

38.1858883 -84.847436666



Earth Point

Tools for Google Earth

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Excel To Google Earth

Coordinate Grids

Polygon Area

Convert Coordinates

Batch Convert

USA Utilities

Township & Range

BLM Grid

Search By Description

Search By Lat Long

Alternate Grid

Louisiana Twp & Rng

Louisiana Original PLSS

California Twp & Rng

California Grid

Search By Description

Search By Lat Long

Texas Land Survey

Abstract Grid

Search By Description

Search By Lat Long

State Plane

Topo Map

Boise, Idaho, USA

Real Estate Listings

County Assessor

Land Records Grid

Land Records Search

Help

Q & A

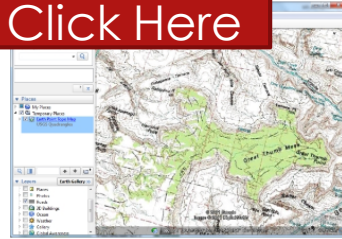
Topo Maps - USGS Topographic Maps on Google Earth.

[View On Google Earth](#)

Free. User account is not needed.

Displays USGS Topo Maps on Google Earth. For USA only.

In the western states, the topo map includes township and range markings, which can be helpful when trying to sort out questions in the BLM data.



Click for larger image.

Hint

Once the topo map is downloaded to Google Earth, its transparency can be adjusted to let the satellite imagery show through.

1. On the left side of the Google Earth screen are several windows. These are "Search", "Places", and "Layers". If you do not see these windows, then on the Google Earth menu, select "View", "Sidebar".
2. The "Places" window is a folders view of the files that are loaded into Google Earth.
3. In the "Places" window, find the folder called "Earth Point Topo Map". Unless you have moved it, the folder is at the bottom of the "Places" window.
4. Select the folder. One way is to left-click on the folder. A description box titled "USGS Quadrangles" pops up. Close it by hitting the "Esc" key on your keyboard, or by clicking anywhere on the Google Earth map. The folder is now selected.
5. At the very bottom of the "Places" window, just above the "Layers" window, there are two icons. The left icon activates "search". The right icon activates the slider bar icon.
6. Slide the slider bar to the left to make the topo map more transparent, to the right to make it more opaque.

Information: Topo Maps



Map images hosted by Esri

This map presents land cover and detailed topographic information for the United States. The map includes the National Park Service (NPS) Natural Resources Inventory (NRI) data.

Do you want to open or save EarthPointTopoMap_150214.kml from earthpoint.us?

Open

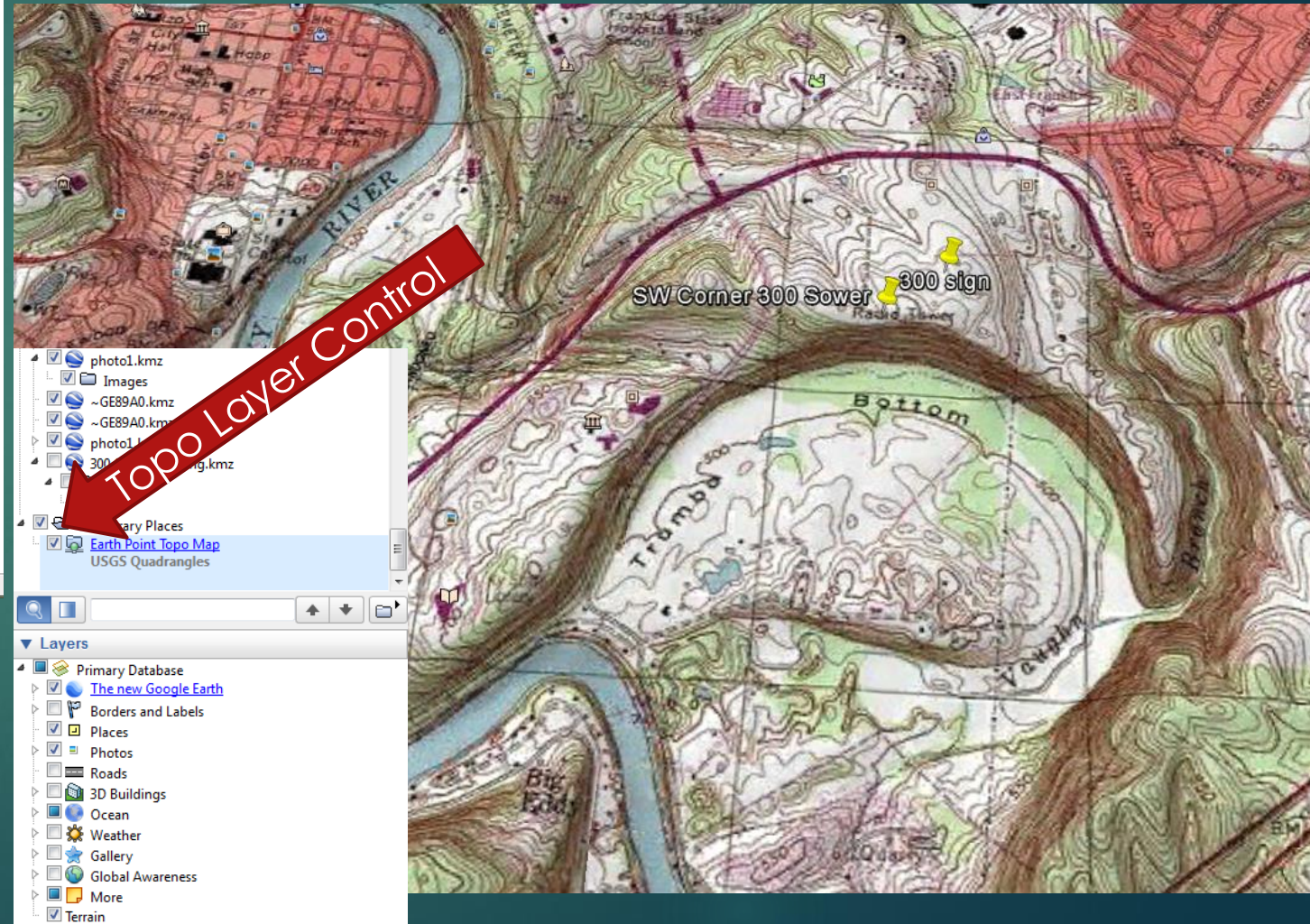
Save

Cancel

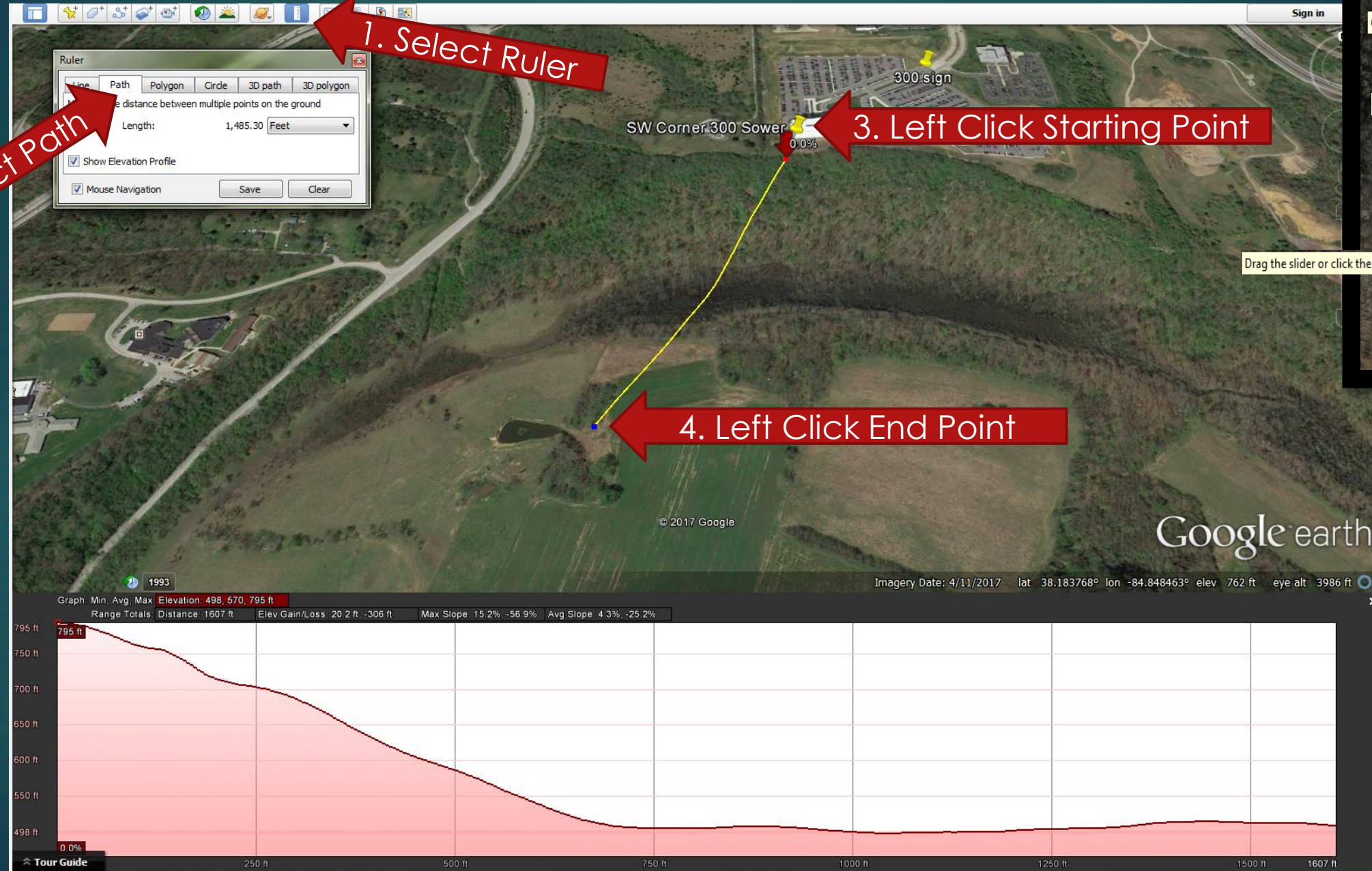
Earth Point

Tools for Google Earth

<http://www.earthpoint.us/TopoMap.aspx>



Elevation Profiles



Area & Perimeter



Blue Ridge Road Dump - Clinton County KY

Clinton County ranges from nearly level to very steep terrain with elevations at 540 feet to 1,780 feet above sea level. Most of the drainage in the northern part of the county flows into Lake Cumberland and the Cumberland River through Indian and Willis creeks. The Blue Ridge Dump foot print covers 8.63 acres and ranges from 960 feet above sea level along the northwest boundary of the site to 800 feet above sea level along the Little Willis creek tributary stream at Tire Pile 2.

Waste Areas	Latitude	Longitude
Area 1	36.799973	-85.19834
Area 2	36.80097	-85.19895
Area 3	36.79955	-85.19776
Tire Pile 1	36.80052	-85.19769
Tire Pile 2	36.79943	-85.19752

Scale View



Relief View



The site consists of waste tires, appliances, auto parts, car frames, bottles, signs and miscellaneous trash dating back to the 1940s. The waste is concentrated in 5 areas labeled **Areas 1, 2, 3 and Tire Piles 1 and 2**. With the exception of **Area 1**, the material is resting above ground has been dumped at a higher elevation and tumbled down to its resting place. Since there is no one vantage point to see all the areas, a set of reference coordinates has been provided. For **Areas 2, 3 and Tire Piles 1 and 2**, most of the material is visible from each of the respective coordinates. The challenge is the steep slope and limited access to the waste areas. Much of the material will have to be pulled up using winches or a snatch block and pulley system. While most of the waste is located within the labeled areas, there is some scattered material (mostly tires) outside of the areas.

Figure 1

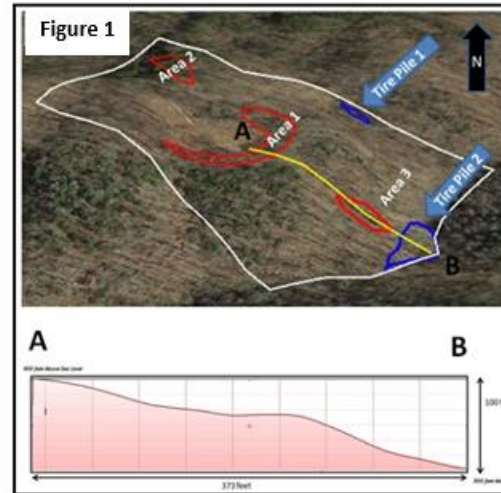


Figure 1 shows the steepness of terrain extending from Area 1 to Tire Pile 2

Area 1 represents the largest accumulation of waste at the site. Waste has been dumped at the end of the access road over the years and then pushed over the edge to make room for more. Consequently some of the waste is buried and has been pushed over the edge of a steep slope. Some of the waste was removed as part of a 2010 cleanup. The volume of bulky material mixed with soil remaining in Area 1 is difficult to estimate but certainly exceeds 1,000 tons. Segregating metals for recycling and separating bulky material from saturated soil will reduce the volume of waste for disposal considerably (Figure 2.)

Figure 2



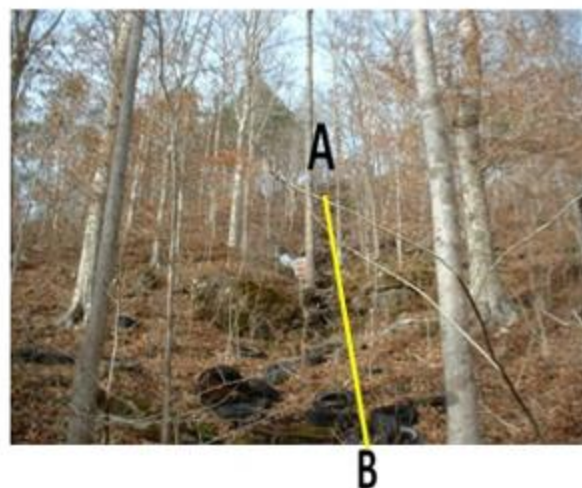
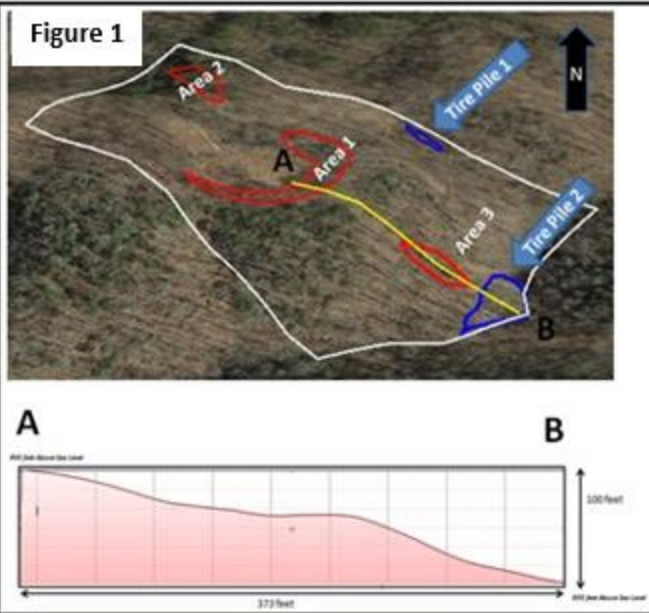


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Tire Pile 1 -

Approximately 200- 400 tires are located within a drainage path along the east boundary of the site (Figure 5.)

Figure 5



KML and KMZ is a file extensions

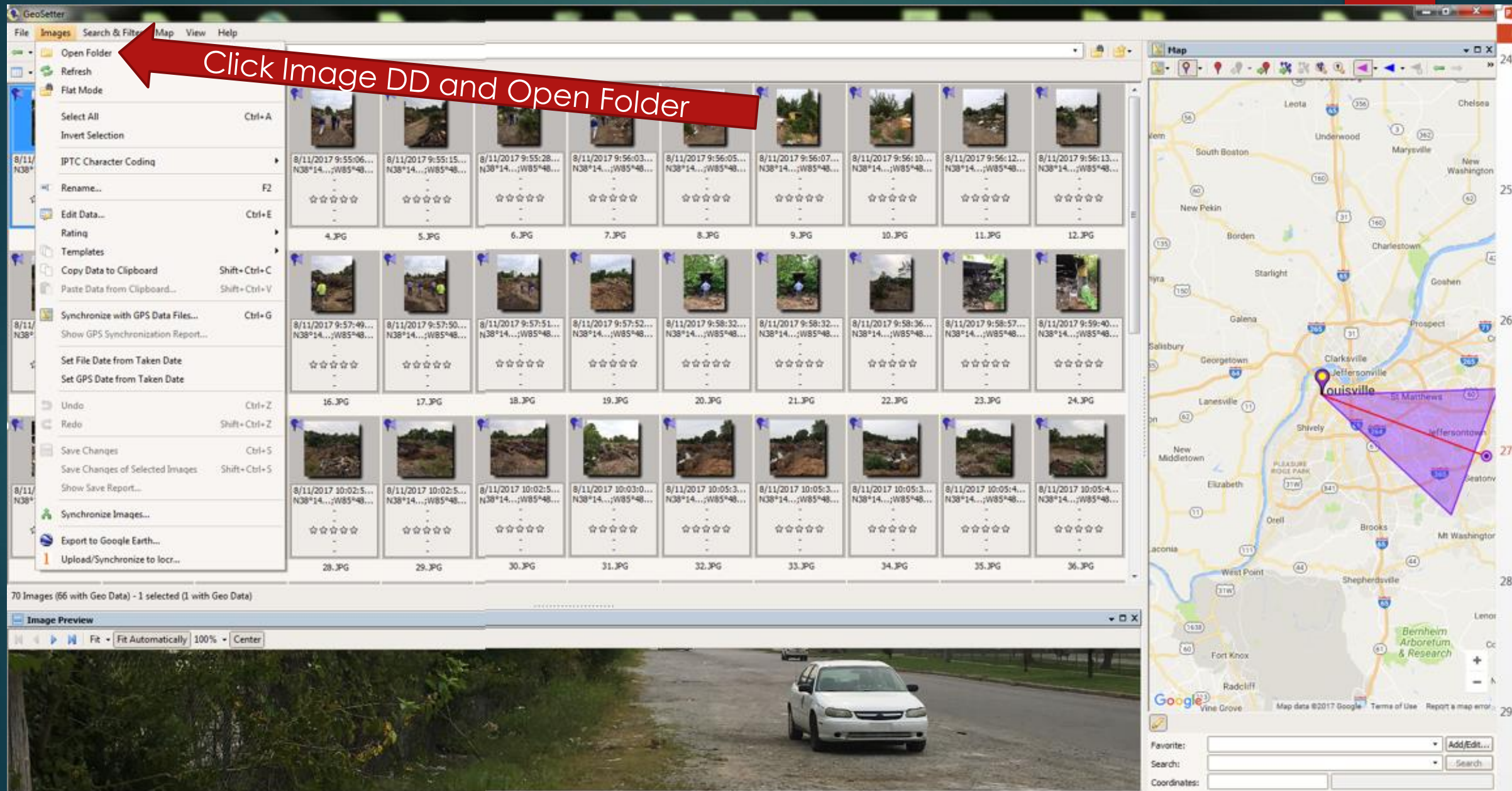
- ▶ KML is a file format used to display geographic data in an Earth browser such as Google Earth. KML uses a tag-based structure with nested elements and attributes and is based on the XML standard.
- ▶ **KMZ** is a **file** extension for a placemark **file** used by Google Earth. **KMZ** stands for Keyhole Markup language Zipped. It is a compressed version of a KML (Keyhole Markup Language) **file**. Keyhole was the founding company of the Earth Viewer software that Google Earth was built upon.



<http://www.geosetter.de/en/download/>

- ▶ GeoSetter is a free tool for editing digital image metadata, but with a special emphasis on geographical data. It includes a Google Map feature that shows where the picture was taken. GeoSetter's basic interface is divided into two halves.
- ▶ On the left, there are file browser and image preview panes, and on the right is an embedded Google Map. The program also opens with an extensive Settings page, with 10 tabs for configuring File Options, Camera, Startup, ExifTool, and more.

GeoSetter



GeoSetter

The screenshot shows the GeoSetter application window. The 'Images' menu is open, showing options like 'Open Folder', 'Refresh', 'Flat Mode', 'Select All', 'Invert Selection', 'IPTC Character Coding', 'Rename...', 'Edit Data...', 'Rating', 'Templates', 'Copy Data to Clipboard', 'Paste Data from Clipboard...', 'Synchronize with GPS Data Files...', 'Set File Date from Taken Date', 'Set GPS Date from Taken Date', 'Undo', 'Redo', 'Save Changes', 'Save Changes of Selected Images', 'Show Save Report...', 'Synchronize Images...', 'Export to Google Earth...', and 'Upload/Synchronize to locr...'. A red arrow points to the 'Export to Google Earth...' option.

2. Select Export to Google Earth Icon

1. Select All or Individual images

3. Choose Thumbnail Size & Quality

4. Check information for Photo Display

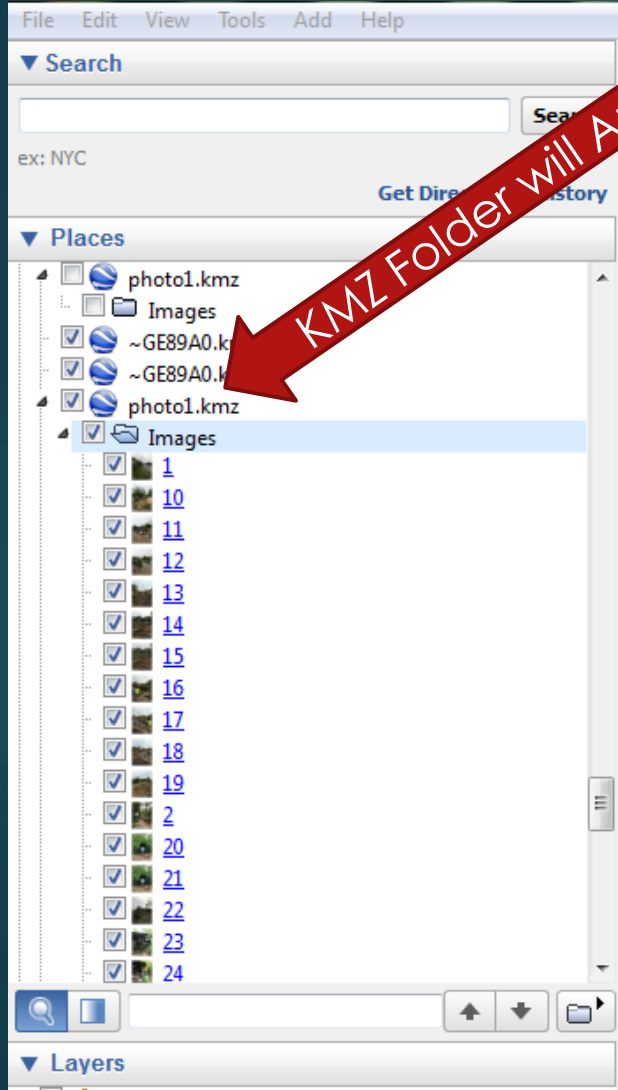
5. Click OK

6. Name File

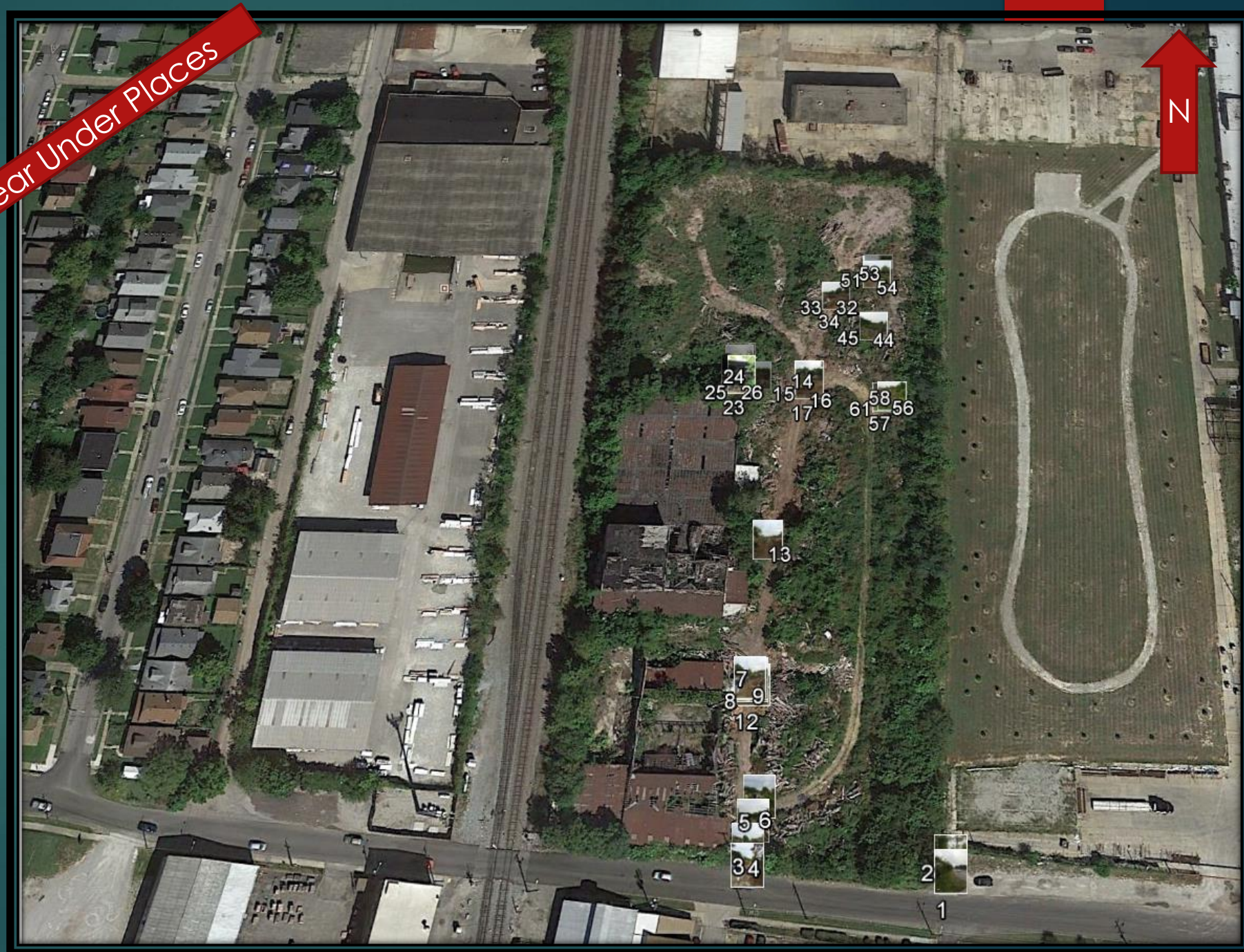
The 'Export to Google Earth' dialog box is open, showing 'Image Settings' (Thumbnail Size: 600, Thumbnail Quality: 80), 'Export Taken Date/Time', 'Link to Originals', 'Web Address', and 'Use remote image files also for showing image content'. The 'Thumbnail Captions' section has 'Name' selected. The 'Marker Settings' section has 'GeoSetter Icon' and 'Mini Image' selected. The 'Tracks' section has 'As Shown in Map' selected. The 'Info Fields' section has 'Taken Date' and 'Coordinates' selected. The 'Templates' section is empty. A red arrow points to the 'OK' button.

The 'Export to Google Maps' dialog box is open, showing 'Save in:' (Garland Ave Site), 'photo1.kmz', and 'Google Earth KMZ files (*.kmz)'. A red arrow points to the 'Save' button.

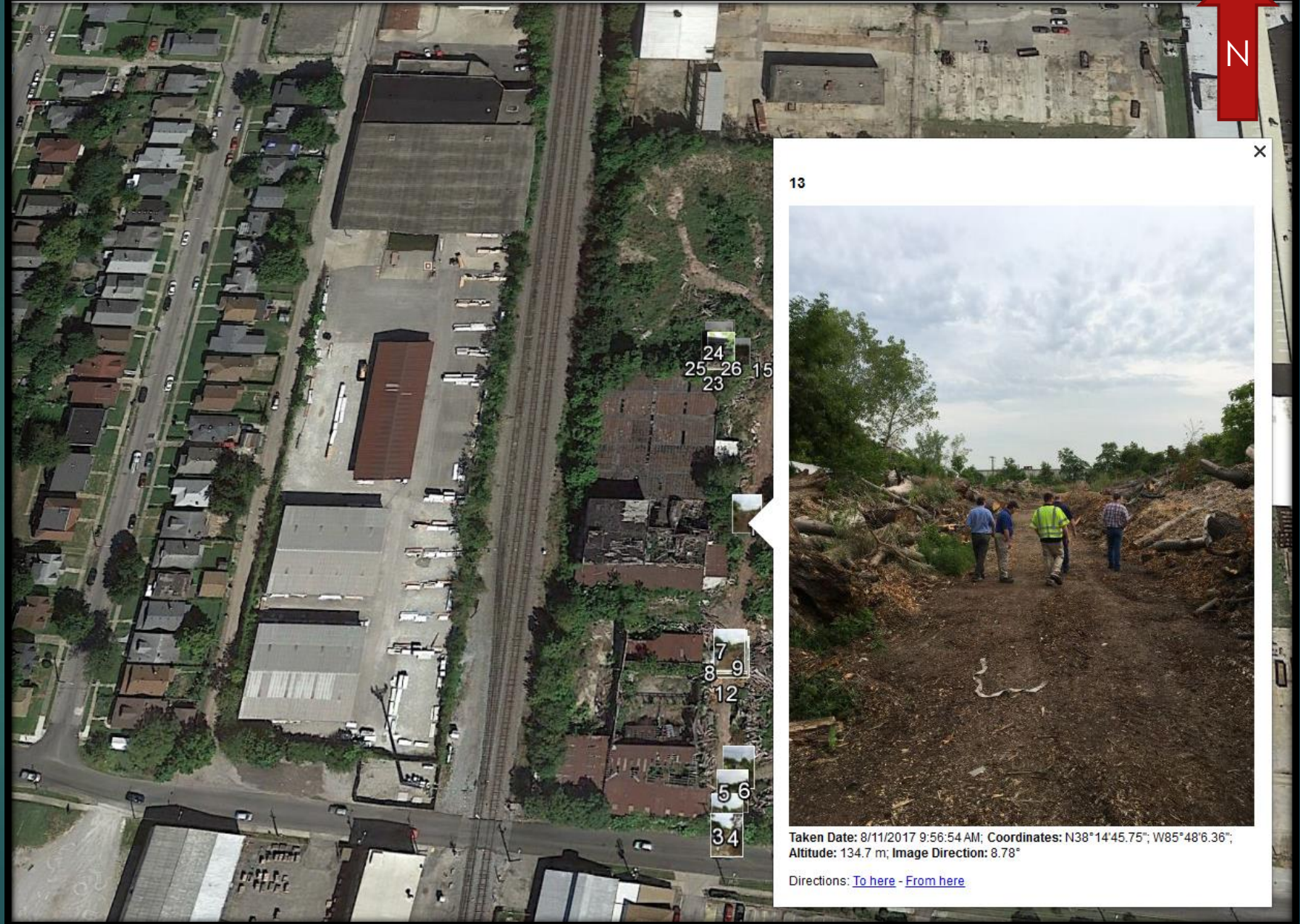
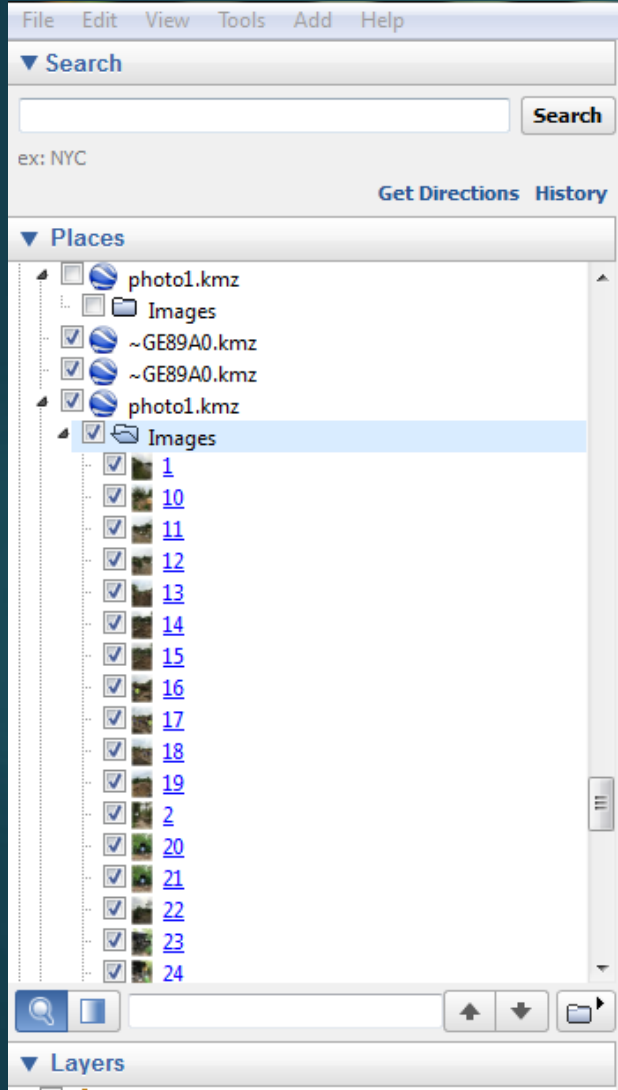
GeoSetter



KMZ Folder will Appear Under Places



GeoSetter



Historical Imagery



4/1993

April 1993

Click to Advance Slider to Next Available Year

300 sign

SW Corner 300 Sower

Image U.S. Geological Survey

Google earth

Tour Guide

1993

Imagery Date: 4/9/1993 lat 38.193002° lon -84.859324° elev 649 ft eye alt 7137 ft

3/1997

March 1997



SW Corner 300 Sower

300 sign

Image U.S. Geological Survey

Google earth

August 2003

SW Corner 300 Sower

300 sign

Image USDA Farm Service Agency

Google earth

Imagery Date: 6/20/2003 lat 38.187150° lon -84.846972° elev 769 ft eye alt 7137 ft

8/2003

Tour Guide

1993

November 2004

SW Corner 300 Sower

300 sign

Image USDA Farm Service Agency

Google earth

1/2006

January 2006

300 sign

SW Corner 300 Sower

Image U.S. Geological Survey

Google earth

Tour Guide

1993

Imagery Date: 1/23/2006 lat 38.187150° lon -84.846972° elev 769 ft eye alt 7137 ft

October 2008

10/2008

300 sign

SW Corner 300 Sower

Image USDA Farm Service Agency

Google™ earth

Tour Guide

1993

Imagery Date: 6/14/2008 lat 38.187150° lon -84.846972° elev 769 ft eye alt 7137 ft

September 2010



SW Corner 300 Sower

300 sign

Google earth

September 2014

9/2014

300 sign

SW Corner 300 Sower

Google earth

Imagery Date: 9/22/2014 lat 38.187150° lon -84.846972° elev 769 ft eye alt 7137 ft

Tour Guide 1993

April 2016

4/2016

300 sign

SW Corner 300 Sower

Google earth

April 2017

SW Corner 300 Sower

300 sign

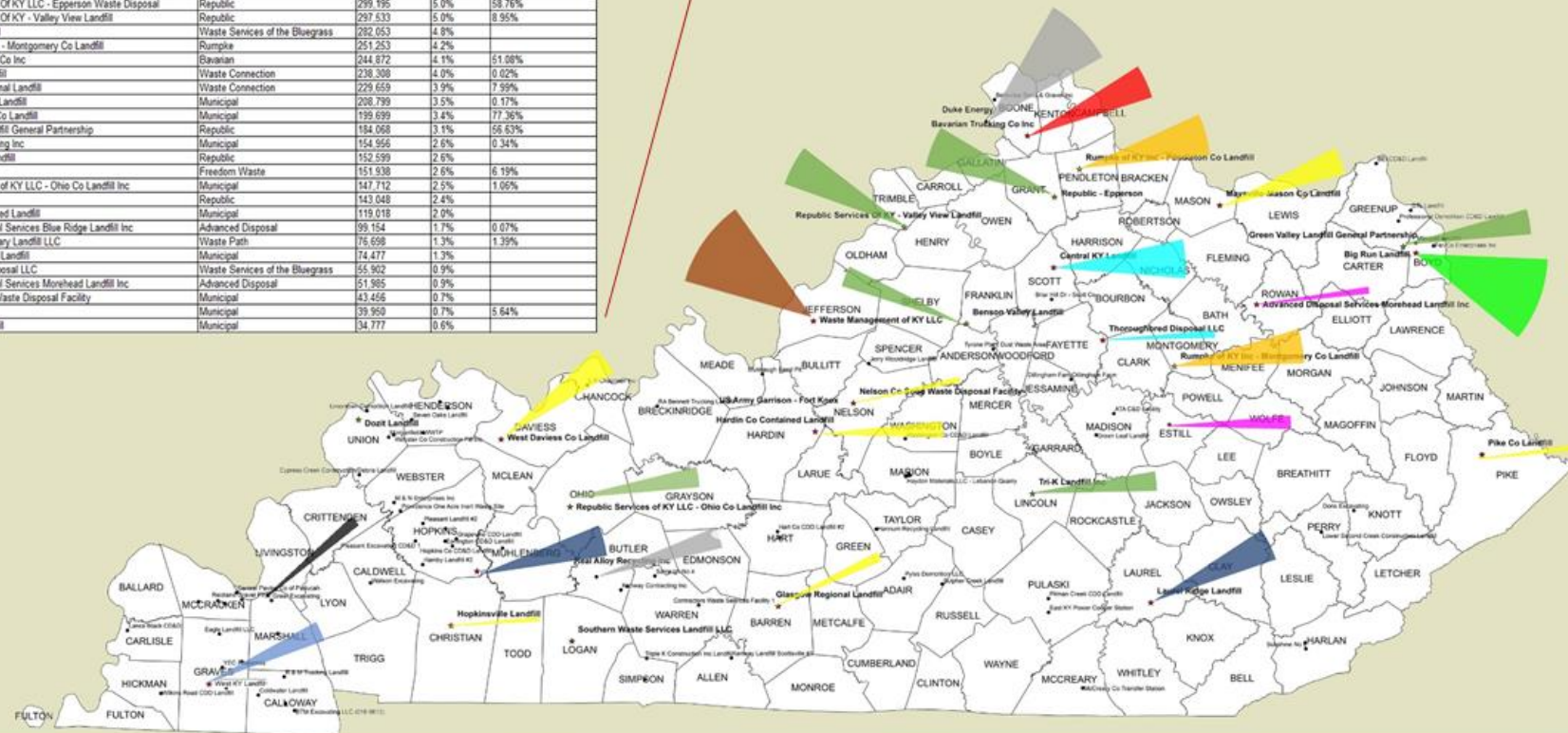
Google earth

High Volumes of Waste = High Volumes of Available Recyclables

Landfill	Ownership	Total Tonnage	% of Total	% of Waste Imported from out of State
Waste Management of KY LLC	Waste Management	637,895	10.8%	7.42%
Big Run Landfill	Emars-Solutions	607,970	10.3%	72.99%
Duke Energy KY East Bend	Duke Energy	510,491	8.6%	
Rumple of KY Inc - Pendleton Co Landfill	Rumple	307,447	5.2%	2.55%
Republic Services OF KY LLC - Epperson Waste Disposal	Republic	299,195	5.0%	58.76%
Republic Services OF KY - Valley View Landfill	Republic	297,533	5.0%	8.95%
Central KY Landfill	Waste Services of the Bluegrass	282,053	4.8%	
Rumple of KY Inc - Montgomery Co Landfill	Rumple	251,253	4.2%	
Bovarian Trucking Co Inc	Bovarian	244,672	4.1%	51.08%
Laurel Ridge Landfill	Waste Connection	238,308	4.0%	0.02%
Hopkins Co Regional Landfill	Waste Connection	229,659	3.9%	7.99%
West Davess Co Landfill	Municipal	208,799	3.5%	0.17%
Maypsville-Mason Co Landfill	Municipal	199,699	3.4%	77.36%
Green Valley Landfill General Partnership	Republic	184,068	3.1%	56.63%
Real Alloy Recycling Inc	Municipal	154,966	2.6%	0.34%
Benson Valley Landfill	Republic	152,599	2.6%	
West KY Landfill	Freedom Waste	151,938	2.6%	6.19%
Republic Services of KY LLC - Ohio Co Landfill Inc	Municipal	147,712	2.5%	1.06%
Tri-K Landfill Inc	Republic	143,048	2.4%	
Hardin Co Contained Landfill	Municipal	119,018	2.0%	
Advanced Disposal Services Blue Ridge Landfill Inc	Advanced Disposal	99,154	1.7%	0.07%
Waste Path Sanitary Landfill LLC	Waste Path	76,699	1.3%	1.39%
Glasgow Regional Landfill	Municipal	74,477	1.3%	
Thoroughbred Disposal LLC	Waste Services of the Bluegrass	55,902	0.9%	
Advanced Disposal Services Morehead Landfill Inc	Advanced Disposal	51,985	0.9%	
Nelson Co Solid Waste Disposal Facility	Municipal	43,456	0.7%	
Pike Co Landfill	Municipal	39,950	0.7%	5.64%
Hopkinsville Landfill	Municipal	34,777	0.6%	

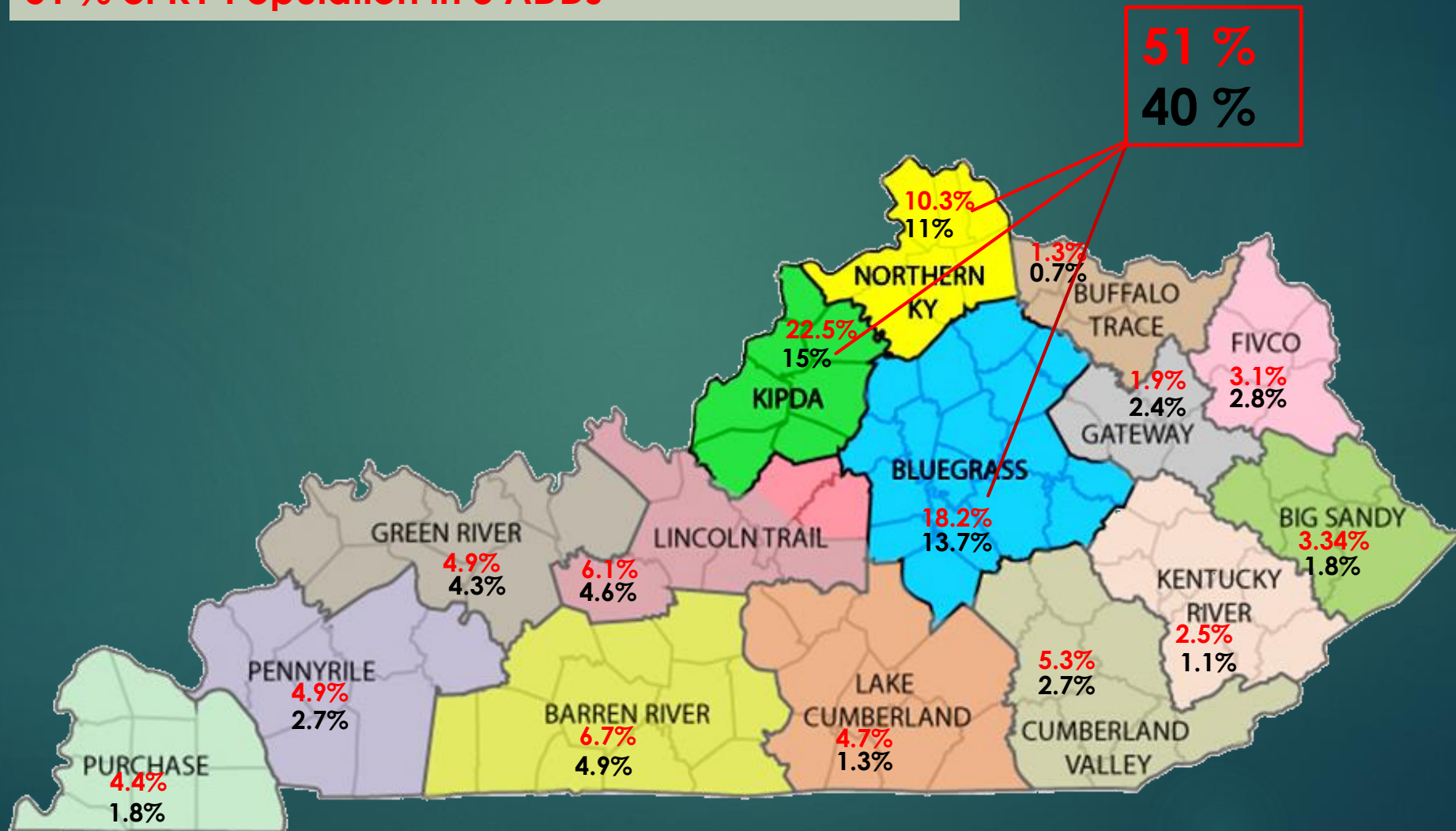
98.6 %

2.4 % MSW distributed in remaining 50 landfills



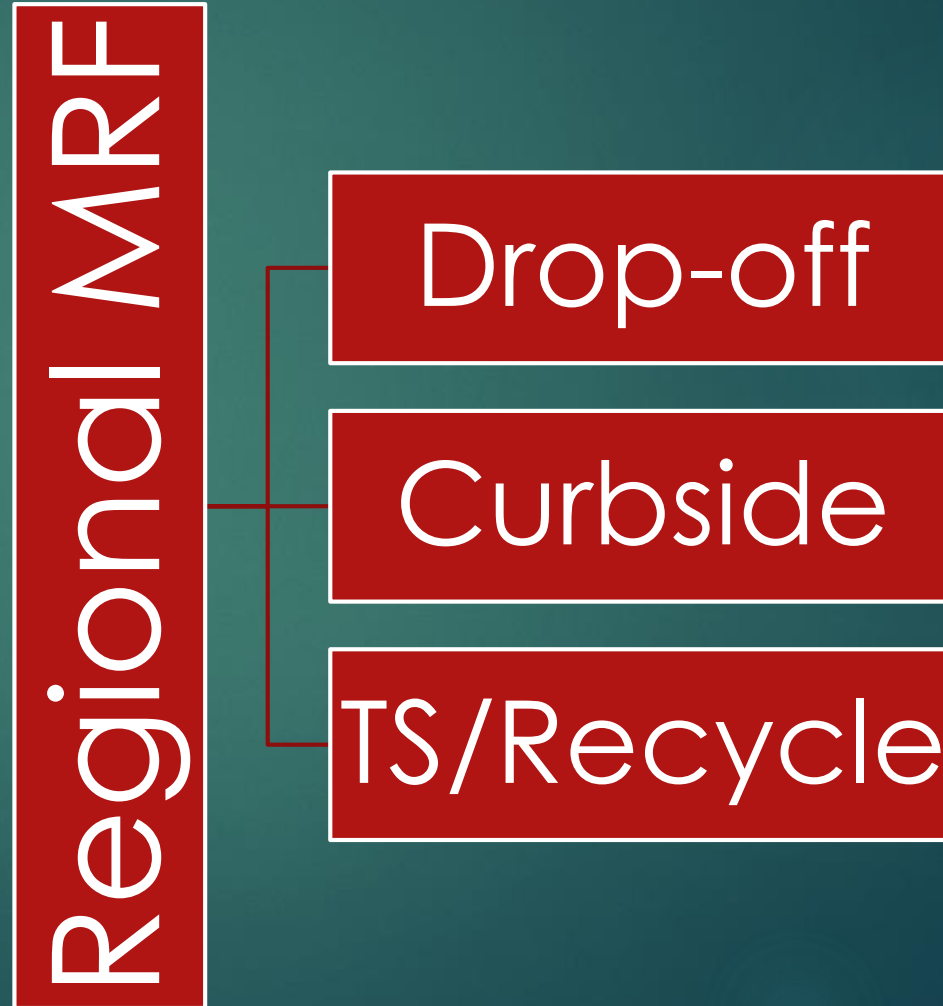
Population and Waste Disposal Distribution

40 % of KY Landfilled Waste Disposed in 3 ADDs
51 % of KY Population in 3 ADDs



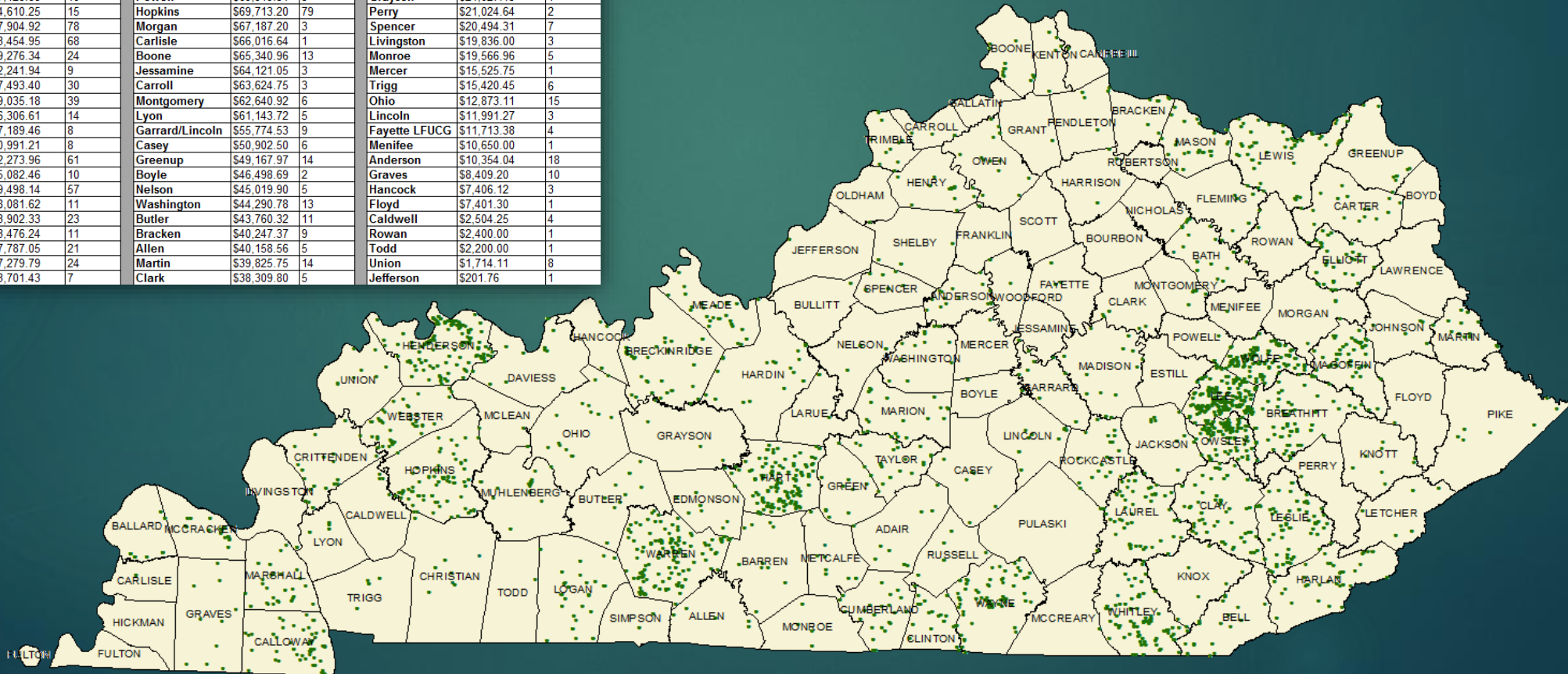
Economies of Scale

When more units of a good or a service can be produced on a larger **scale**, yet with (on average) fewer input costs, **economies of scale (ES)** are said to be **achieved**.



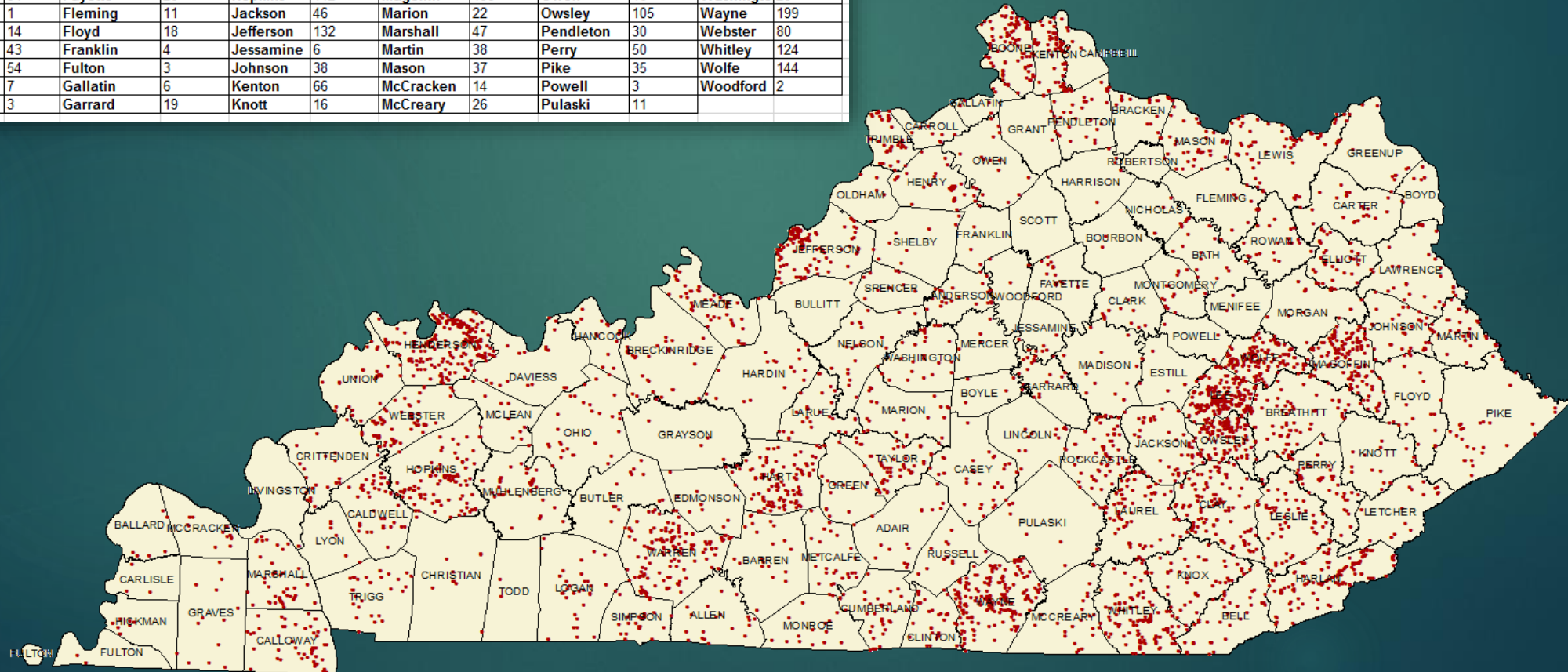
Kentucky Illegal Dump Grant Funding and Distribution

County	Grant Funding	# of Dump Grants	County	Grant Funding	# of Dump Grants	County	Grant Funding	# of Dump Grants
Clay	\$3,085,168.23	73	Henderson	\$129,319.56	172	Knott	\$36,061.86	8
Wolfe	\$2,375,859.50	123	Adair	\$127,734.65	10	Knox	\$35,950.80	6
Lee	\$1,824,112.40	206	Edmonson	\$121,285.44	8	Larue	\$35,638.19	4
Leslie	\$1,240,386.54	79	Christian	\$107,050.83	10	McLean	\$34,939.86	5
Clinton	\$1,210,012.39	23	Pendleton	\$102,959.95	3	Henry	\$33,943.94	21
Whitley	\$1,115,483.11	92	Bullitt	\$95,000.00	1	Johnson	\$31,951.47	8
Hart	\$1,044,319.23	139	Mason	\$92,560.66	25	Letcher	\$28,589.08	6
Marion	\$1,023,492.68	23	Woodford	\$90,180.69	3	Bath	\$26,759.35	21
Owsley	\$920,223.64	113	Muhlenberg	\$87,185.08	18	Fleming	\$25,823.67	9
Warren	\$760,134.72	148	Harrison	\$87,143.97	4	Crittenden	\$25,570.07	23
Laurel	\$622,648.35	58	Campbell	\$84,544.50	1	Grant	\$25,117.95	1
Rockcastle	\$610,493.82	22	Russell	\$83,087.50	6	Trimble	\$24,335.62	11
Magoffin	\$558,727.00	60	Breckinridge	\$77,248.74	39	Daviess	\$24,330.07	12
McCracken	\$515,151.54	17	Shelby	\$74,476.71	3	Oldham	\$22,267.50	1
Jackson	\$431,923.04	11	Marshall	\$73,949.46	31	Simpson	\$21,549.26	2
Carter	\$423,305.55	16	Logan	\$72,504.97	29	Webster	\$21,240.03	52
Harlan	\$407,428.88	40	Powell	\$69,949.31	5	Grayson	\$21,027.43	4
Owen	\$404,610.25	15	Hopkins	\$69,713.20	79	Perry	\$21,024.64	2
Breathitt	\$367,904.92	78	Morgan	\$67,187.20	3	Spencer	\$20,494.31	7
Wayne	\$363,454.95	68	Carlisle	\$66,016.64	1	Livingston	\$19,836.00	3
Cumberland	\$359,276.34	24	Boone	\$65,340.96	13	Monroe	\$19,566.96	5
Metcalfe	\$342,241.94	9	Jessamine	\$64,121.05	3	Mercer	\$15,525.75	1
Meade	\$317,493.40	30	Carroll	\$63,624.75	3	Trigg	\$15,420.45	6
Elliott	\$309,035.18	39	Montgomery	\$62,640.92	6	Ohio	\$12,873.11	15
Ballard	\$296,306.61	14	Lyon	\$61,143.72	5	Lincoln	\$11,991.27	3
Garrard	\$267,189.46	8	Garrard/Lincoln	\$55,774.53	9	Fayette LFUCG	\$11,713.38	4
Pike	\$260,991.21	8	Casey	\$50,902.50	6	Menifee	\$10,650.00	1
Lewis	\$222,273.96	61	Greenup	\$49,167.97	14	Anderson	\$10,354.04	18
Green	\$215,082.46	10	Boyle	\$46,498.69	2	Graves	\$8,409.20	10
Calloway	\$209,498.14	57	Nelson	\$45,019.90	5	Hancock	\$7,406.12	3
Madison	\$198,081.62	11	Vaughn	\$44,290.78	13	Floyd	\$7,401.30	1
Bell	\$183,902.33	23	Butler	\$43,760.32	11	Caldwell	\$2,504.25	4
Barren	\$183,476.24	11	Bracken	\$40,247.37	9	Rowan	\$2,400.00	1
Hardin	\$177,787.05	21	Allen	\$40,158.56	5	Todd	\$2,200.00	1
Taylor	\$147,279.79	24	Martin	\$39,825.75	14	Union	\$1,714.11	8
Kenton	\$133,701.43	7	Clark	\$38,309.80	5	Jefferson	\$201.76	1



Kentucky Illegal Dump Count and Distribution

Adair	17	Carroll	9	Grant	4	Knox	44	McLean	12	Rockcastle	60
Allen	20	Carter	24	Graves	13	Larue	31	Meade	52	Rowan	22
Anderson	23	Casey	29	Grayson	5	Laurel	77	Menifee	2	Russell	13
Ballard	7	Christian	9	Green	13	Lawrence	33	Mercer	4	Scott	1
Barren	20	Clark	13	Greenup	14	Lee	204	Metcalfe	27	Shelby	8
Bath	22	Clay	119	Hancock	16	Leslie	59	Monroe	17	Simpson	23
Bell	42	Clinton	32	Hardin	22	Letcher	16	Montgomery	18	Spencer	10
Boone	99	Crittenden	23	Harlan	146	Lewis	68	Morgan	14	Taylor	58
Bourbon	2	Cumberland	35	Harrison	5	Lincoln	13	Muhlenberg	47	Todd	3
Boyd	6	Daviess	20	Hart	119	Livingston	3	Nelson	20	Trigg	31
Boyle	5	Edmonson	9	Henderson	232	Logan	34	Nicholas	5	Trimble	44
Bracken	21	Elliott	46	Henry	43	Lyon	5	Ohio	30	Union	35
Breathitt	76	Estill	6	Hickman	9	Madison	16	Oldham	5	Warren	160
Breckinridge	31	Fayette	20	Hopkins	112	Magoffin	138	Owen	16	Washington	28
Bullitt	1	Fleming	11	Jackson	46	Marion	22	Owsley	105	Wayne	199
Butler	14	Floyd	18	Jefferson	132	Marshall	47	Pendleton	30	Webster	80
Caldwell	43	Franklin	4	Jessamine	6	Martin	38	Perry	50	Whitley	124
Calloway	54	Fulton	3	Johnson	38	Mason	37	Pike	35	Wolfe	144
Campbell	7	Gallatin	6	Kenton	66	McCracken	14	Powell	3	Woodford	2
Carlisle	3	Garrard	19	Knott	16	McCreary	26	Pulaski	11		





**Commonwealth Of Kentucky
Energy and Environment Cabinet
Department for Environmental Protection
Division of Waste Management
Recycling and Local Assistance
waste.ky.gov/RLA**

<http://waste.ky.gov/RLA/Documents/I-Phone%20and%20Google%20Use%20for%20Mapping.pdf>